

PŮVODNÍ PRÁCE/ORIGINAL PAPER

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**Chalconatrone, $\text{Na}_2\text{Cu}(\text{CO}_3)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_3$, from the „sv. Duch“ vein, Jáchymov
(Czech Republic)**

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Abstract

An interesting association of rare carbonate minerals was found in the dump material at the Dušní (Gesiter) vein in Jáchymov, Czech Republic. The mineral assemblage is represented by chalconatrone and abundant čejkaite. Moreover, additional mineral phase was found to be growing inside chalconatrone aggregate. It goes most probably about Na-Ca carbonate, pirsonnité or gaylussite, however, the exact identification cannot be done. Chemical composition of the studied chalconatrone was determined base on electron microprobe data. The empirical formula can be expressed as $\text{Na}_{2.01}(\text{Cu}_{0.98}\text{Fe}_{0.01})_{\pm 0.99}[(\text{PO}_4)_{0.02}(\text{AsO}_4)_{0.01}(\text{SiO}_4)_{0.01}]_{\pm 0.04}(\text{CO}_3)_{1.95} \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (mean of 4 spot analyzes; Na+Cu+Fe = 3 apfu). The refined unit-cell parameters of chalconatrone from the powder X-ray diffraction data (for the monoclinic space group $P2_1/n$) are $a = 9.699(4)$, $b = 6.098(3)$, $c = 13.792(6)$ Å, $\beta = 91.88(4)^\circ$ and with $V = 815.3(4)$ Å³.

Key words: chalconatrone, oxide zone, copper minerals, electron microprobe data, powder diffraction, Jáchymov

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